

Certified Public Accountants

CITY OF DE SOTO, KANSAS

FINANCIAL STATEMENT YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

FINANCIAL STATEMENT REGULATORY BASIS

Year Ended December 31, 2019

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Mayor and City Council City of De Soto, Kansas:

Report on the Financial Statement

We have audited the summary statement of regulatory receipts, expenditures, and unencumbered cash balances of the City of De Soto, Kansas (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019 and the related notes to the financial statement.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide* as described in Note 2; this includes determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statement in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of a financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. The procedures selected depend on auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 2 of the financial statement, the financial statement is prepared by the City on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide*, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 2 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" paragraphs, the financial statement referred to above does not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the City as of December 31, 2019, or changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended.

Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the aggregate cash and unencumbered cash balance of the City as of December 31, 2019, and the aggregate receipts and expenditures for the year then ended in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide* described in Note 2.

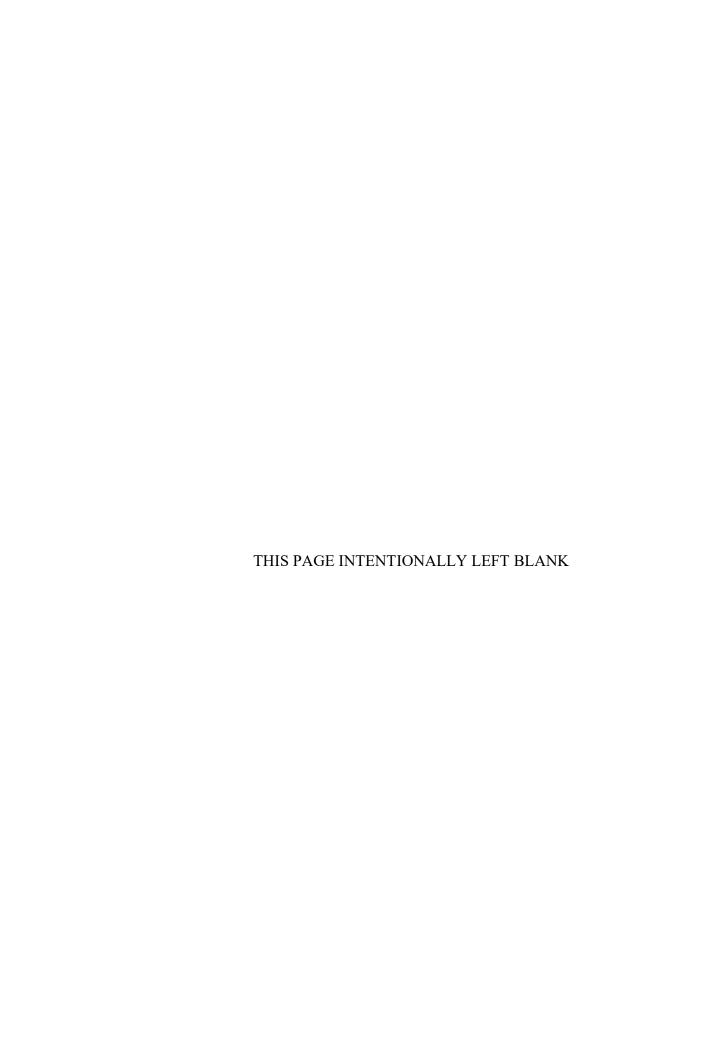
Other Matters

Report on Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the summary statement of regulatory receipts, expenditures, and unencumbered cash balances (the basic financial statement) as a whole. The schedules listed under supplementary information in the accompanying table of contents are presented for analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statement, however are required to be presented under the provisions of the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide*. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statement. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statement or to the basic financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statement as a whole, on the basis of accounting described in Note 2.

BT&Co. P.A.

April 30, 2020 Topeka, Kansas



SUMMARY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, EXPENDITURES, AND UNENCUMBERED CASH REGULATORY BASIS

Funds	U1	Prior Year Cancelled Encumbrances		
General fund	\$	2,187,120	\$	-
Special purpose funds:				
Law enforcement		64,512		-
Special highway		17,690		-
Special parks and recreation		19,232		-
Transient guest tax		42,332		-
Sponsorship		22,219		-
Water development fee			-	
Sewer development fee			-	
Electric utility investment		1,236,149		-
Enhancement community fountain		36		-
Commerce Drive tax increment		7,891		-
2019 Commerce Drive TIF		-		-
Bond and interest fund		698,215		-
Capital project funds:				
Capital improvements		1,100,628		-
Business funds:				
Water system		1,357,910		-
Sewer system		277,913		-
Refuse system		58,277		-
Shop		(868)		-
Shughart trust fund		24,147		-
Total reporting entity (excluding agency fund)	_\$	7,295,211	\$	<u>-</u>

	Receipts	1	Expenditures		Ending Inencumbered Cash Balance	and Accounts Payable		Ending Cash Balance
\$	4,603,996	\$	4,418,505	\$	2,372,611	\$	18,711	\$ 2,391,322
	509,813		469,371		104,954		116,024	220,978
	171,993		165,000		24,683		-	24,683
	50,186		25,000		44,418		-	44,418
	26,489		24,500		44,321		-	44,321
	4,445		1,085		25,579		-	25,579
	27,850		20,000		43,458		-	43,458
	37,325		90,483		93,042		-	93,042
	439,836		136,400		1,539,585		-	1,539,585
	-		-		36		-	36
	172,019		171,389		8,521		-	8,521
	30,625		30,625		-		-	-
	1,514,446		1,548,871		663,790		-	663,790
	2,333,364		3,057,368		376,624		19,919	396,543
	1,892,405		1,807,485		1,442,830		35,210	1,478,040
	741,658		636,957		382,614		19,477	402,091
	565,524		548,567		75,234		-	75,234
	139,610		141,675		(2,933)		2,981	48
	297				24,444		-	 24,444
\$	13,261,881	\$	13,293,281	\$	7,263,811	\$	212,322	\$ 7,476,133
	osition of cash							
(Great American Ba							
	Checking accoun							\$ 257,459
	ICS (insured cash							4,056,942
	Certificates of de							3,159,038
	Tri-Century Bank -							27,121
]	Kansas Municipal I	nvestmen	t Pool					 15
	Total cash							7,500,575
	Agency fund per	Schedule	4					 (24,442)
	Total reporting e	ntity (exc	luding agency fund)				\$ 7,476,133

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

December 31, 2019

1 - Municipal Financial Reporting Entity

The City of De Soto, Kansas (the City) is a municipal corporation governed by a mayor and five-member council. The basic financial statement presents the City as the primary government. The City has no related municipal entities.

2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Regulatory Basis of Accounting and Departure from Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America

The Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide (KMAAG) regulatory basis of accounting involves the recognition of cash, cash equivalents, marketable investments, and certain accounts payable and encumbrance obligations to arrive at a net unencumbered cash and investments balance on a regulatory basis for each fund, and the reporting of changes in unencumbered cash and investments of a fund resulting from the difference in regulatory basis revenues and regulatory basis expenditures for the fiscal year. All recognized assets and liabilities are measured and reported at cost, unless they have been permanently impaired and have no future cash value or represent no future obligation against cash. The KMAAG regulatory basis does not recognize capital assets, long-term debt, accrued receivables and payables, or any other assets, liabilities, or deferred inflows or outflows, other than those mentioned above.

The City has approved a resolution that is in compliance with K.S.A. 75-1120a(c), waiving the requirement for application of generally accepted accounting principles and allowing the City to use the regulatory basis of accounting.

(b) Regulatory Basis Fund Types

A fund is defined as an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT (Continued)

2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

(b) Regulatory Basis Fund Types (Continued)

The following regulatory basis fund types comprise the financial activities of the City for the year ended December 31, 2019:

<u>General Fund</u> is used to account for the general operations of the City and is used to account for all unrestricted resources except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

<u>Special Purpose Funds</u> are used to account for the proceeds of specific tax levies and other specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects and tax levies for long-term debt) that are intended for specified purposes.

<u>Bond and Interest Fund</u> is used to account for the accumulation of resources, including tax levies, transfers from other funds, and payment of general long-term debt.

<u>Capital Project Funds</u> are used to account for the debt proceeds and other financial resources to be used for acquisition or construction of major capital facilities or equipment.

Business Funds are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to users of the goods or services.

Shughart Trust Fund is used to report assets held in trust for the benefit of the City.

Agency Funds are used to report assets held by the City in a purely custodial capacity.

(c) **Budgetary Information**

Kansas statutes require that an annual operating budget be legally adopted for the general fund, special purpose funds (unless specifically exempted by statute), the bond and interest fund, and business funds. Although directory rather than mandatory, the statutes provide for the following sequence and timetable in the adoption of the legal annual operating budget:

- 1. Preparation of the budget for the succeeding calendar year on or before August 1st.
- 2. Publication in local newspaper on or before August 5th of the proposed budget and notice of public hearing on the budget.
- 3. Public hearing on or before August 15th, but at least ten days after publication of notice of hearing.
- 4. Adoption of the final budget on or before August 25th.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT (Continued)

2 - <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

(c) <u>Budgetary Information (Continued)</u>

The statutes allow for the governing body to increase the originally adopted budget for previously unbudgeted increases in revenue other than ad valorem property taxes. To do this, a notice of public hearing to amend the budget must be published in the local newspaper. At least ten days after publication, the hearing may be held, and the governing body may amend the budget at that time. The City had no budget amendments for the year ended December 31, 2019.

The statutes permit transferring budgeted amounts between line items within an individual fund. However, such statutes prohibit expenditures in excess of the total amount of the adopted budget of expenditures of individual funds. Budget comparison statements are presented for each budgeted fund showing actual receipts and expenditures compared to legally budgeted receipts and expenditures.

All legal annual operating budgets are prepared using the regulatory basis of accounting, in which revenues are recognized when cash is received and expenditures include disbursements, accounts payable, and encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments by the municipality for future payments and are supported by a document evidencing the commitment, such as a purchase order or contract. Any unused budgeted expenditure authority lapses at year-end.

A legal operating budget is not required for certain special purpose funds, capital project funds, trust funds, or agency funds.

Spending in funds which are not subject to the legal annual operating budget requirements are controlled by Federal regulations, other statutes, or by the use of internal spending limits established by the governing body.

All budgets must be filed with the County Clerk by August 25th. The County Clerk must calculate the final tax levy rates necessary to finance the budget subject to any legal limitations. After all budgets have been received and tax rates calculated, the County Clerk certifies the tax roll to the County Treasurer, who prepares tax statements and receives payment.

These taxes become a lien against all property on November 1st. Taxpayers have the option of paying in full or in two installments. The delinquency dates are December 20th and May 10th. Delinquent taxes are assessed interest at 12% per annum. This interest is retained by the County.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT (Continued)

2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

(c) <u>Budgetary Information (Continued)</u>

Taxes levied to finance the budget are made available to the City after January 1st and are distributed by the County Treasurer approximately every month and a half. At least 50% of the taxes levied are available in January. Delinquent tax collections are distributed throughout the year.

The County Treasurer is the tax collection agent for all taxing entities within the County. The initial distribution to the subdivisions, including the City, is on or before January 20th of the ensuing year. Additional amounts are distributed on four subsequent dates throughout the calendar year.

(d) Annual Personal and Sick Leave Benefits

Under the terms of the City's personnel policy, City employees are granted annual personal and sick leave in varying amounts.

Full-time employees accrue vacation each year at the following rates:

One to four years of service – 10 days Five to nine years of service – 15 days 10 to 14 years of service – 20 days 15 to 19 years of service – 25 days 20 or more years of service – 30 days

Employees cannot carry over more than one half of the annual entitlement for the year in which it was earned. Upon termination or resignation, employees are compensated for unused vacation time, up to a maximum of the yearly amount of vacation time earned.

(e) <u>Inventories and Prepaid Expenses</u>

Inventories and prepaid expenses which benefit future periods are recorded as an expenditure during the year of purchase.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT (Continued)

2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

(f) <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of the financial statement in compliance with the regulatory basis requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of encumbrances at the date of the financial statement and the reported amounts of expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

3 - Deposits and Investments

K.S.A. 9-1401 establishes the depositories which may be used by the City. The statute requires banks eligible to hold the City's funds have a main or branch bank in the county in which the City is located, or in an adjoining county if such institution has been designated as an official depository, and the banks provide an acceptable rate of return on funds. In addition, K.S.A. 9-1402 requires the banks to pledge securities for deposits in excess of FDIC coverage. The City has no other policies that would further limit interest rate risk.

K.S.A. 12-1675 limits the City's investment of idle funds to time deposits, open accounts, and certificates of deposit with allowable financial institutions; U.S. government securities; temporary notes; no-fund warrants; repurchase agreements; and the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool (KMIP). The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Some of the City's investments are of bond proceeds invested pursuant to K.S.A. 10-131. This statute allows additional investment authority beyond that of K.S.A. 12-1675. Investments of bond proceeds may follow K.S.A. 12-1675 or include other investments such as the KMIP, direct obligations of the U.S. government or any agency thereof, and various other investments as specified in K.S.A. 10-131.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT (Continued)

3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

At December 31, 2019, the City had the following investments:

			Investment		
			Maturities		
Investment Type	Fair	Value	(in Years)		
Kansas Municipal Investment Pool	\$	15	Less than a year		

The municipal investment pool is under the oversight of the Pooled Money Investment Board. The board is comprised of the State Treasurer and four additional members appointed by the State Governor. The board reports annually to the Kansas legislature. State pooled monies may be invested in direct obligations of, or obligations that are insured as to principal and interest by the U.S. government or any agency thereof, with maturities up to four years. No more than ten percent of those funds may be invested in mortgage-backed securities. In addition, the State pool may invest in repurchase agreements with Kansas banks or with primary government securities dealers. The City's investment in the KMIP was not rated by a rating agency as of December 31, 2019.

Concentration of credit risk. State statutes place no limit on the amount the City may invest in any one issuer as long as the investments are adequately secured under K.S.A. 9-1402 and 9-1405. The City's investments were composed of KMIP deposits as of the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019.

Custodial credit risk - deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. Kansas statutes require the deposits be collateralized and that collateral pledged must have a fair market value equal to 100% of the deposits and investments, less insured amounts, and must be assigned for the benefit of the City.

At December 31, 2019, the City's carrying amount of deposits was \$7,500,575, and the bank balance was \$7,835,686. Of the bank balance, \$7,693,116 was covered by federal depository insurance, and the remaining balance of \$142,570 was unsecured at year-end.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT (Continued)

3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Custodial credit risk – investments. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the issuer or counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State statutes require investments to be adequately secured. At December 31, 2019, the City's investments were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

4 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Plan

Plan Description. The City participates in the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan as provided by K.S.A. 74-4901, et seq. Kansas law establishes and amends benefit provisions. KPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. KPERS' financial statements are included in its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the KPERS website www.kpers.org or by writing to KPERS (611 South Kansas Avenue, Suite 100, Topeka, Kansas 66603) or by calling 1-888-275-5737.

Contributions. K.S.A. 74-4919 and K.S.A. 74-49,210 establish the KPERS member-employee contribution rates. KPERS has multiple benefit structures and contribution rates depending on whether the employee is a KPERS 1, KPERS 2, or KPERS 3 member. KPERS 1 members are active and contributing members hired before July 1, 2009. KPERS 2 members were first employed in a covered position on or after July 1, 2009, and KPERS 3 members were first employed in a covered position on or after January 1, 2015. Effective January 1, 2015, Kansas law established the KPERS member-employee contribution rate at 6.00% of covered salary for KPERS 1, KPERS 2, and KPERS 3 members. Member contributions are withheld by their employer and paid to KPERS according to the provisions of Section 414(h) of the Internal Revenue Code.

State law provides that the employer contribution rates for KPERS 1, KPERS 2 and KPERS 3 be determined based on the results of each annual actuarial valuation. Kansas law sets a limitation on annual increases in the employer contribution rates. The actuarially determined employer contribution rate (not including the 1% contribution rate for the Death and Disability Program) and the statutory contribution rate was 8.89% for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$ 198,905 for the year ended December 31, 2019.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT (Continued)

4 - <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)</u>

Net Pension Liability

At December 31, 2019, the City's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability reported by KPERS was \$ 1,457,124. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2019. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the ratio of the City's contributions to KPERS, relative to the total employer and non-employer contributions of the Local subgroup within KPERS. Since the KMAAG regulatory basis of accounting does not recognize long-term debt, this liability is not reported in this financial statement.

The complete actuarial valuation report including all actuarial assumptions and methods, and the report on the allocation of the KPERS collective net pension liability to all participating employers are publicly available on the website at www.kpers.org or can be obtained as described above.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT (Continued)

5 - <u>Long-Term Debt</u>

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for general government activities.

Changes in long-term debt for the City for the year ended December 31, 2019 were as follows:

Issue	Interest Rates	Date of Issue	Date of Final Maturity	Original Amount Issued	Balance Beginning of Year		0 0		 Additions		eductions/ Payments	Balance End of Year		Interest Paid	
General obligation bonds:															
Series 2010 B	6.00%	4/28/2010	9/1/2035	\$ 710,000	\$	710,000	\$ -	\$	_	\$	710,000	\$	42,600		
Series 2010 C	6.50% - 7.00%	12/7/2010	9/1/2040	1,080,000		1,080,000	-		-		1,080,000		73,700		
Series 2010 D	4.60%	12/7/2010	9/1/2027	85,000		85,000	-		-		85,000		3,910		
Series 2012 A	2.00% - 3.30%	6/6/2012	9/1/2034	4,475,000		2,890,000	-		330,000		2,560,000		69,573		
Series 2013 A	2.30% - 5.00%	9/19/2013	9/1/2043	1,015,000		915,000	-		20,000		895,000		42,645		
Series 2015 A	2.00% - 4.00%	7/24/2015	9/1/2045	9,635,000		8,345,000	-		440,000		7,905,000		268,188		
Series 2015 B	2.00% - 4.00%	7/31/2015	9/1/2035	1,765,000		1,540,000	-		75,000		1,465,000		46,938		
Series 2017 A	2.50% - 3.50%	9/28/2017	9/1/2039	2,285,000		2,230,000	_		55,000		2,175,000		69,262		
Series 2019	3.00% - 4.00%	4/11/2019	9/1/2039	945,000		-	945,000		-		945,000		12,055		
Series 2019-B	3.00% - 4.00%	6/27/2019	9/1/2039	975,000		-	975,000		-		975,000		-		
					\$	17,795,000	\$ 1,920,000	\$	920,000	\$	18,795,000	\$	628,871		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT (Continued)

5 - <u>Long-Term Debt (Continued)</u>

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the general obligation bonds are as follows:

	202	20	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025-2029	2030-2034	2035-2039	2040-2044	2045-2049	Total
Principal:												
General obligation bonds:												
Series 2010 B	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 550,000	\$ 160,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 710,000
Series 2010 C		-	-	-	-	-	165,000	370,000	445,000	100,000	-	1,080,000
Series 2010 D		-	-	-	-	-	85,000	-	-	-	-	85,000
Series 2012 A	33	35,000	305,000	315,000	300,000	290,000	680,000	335,000	-	-	-	2,560,000
Series 2013 A	2	20,000	20,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	140,000	180,000	230,000	230,000	-	895,000
Series 2015 A	44	15,000	450,000	455,000	470,000	480,000	2,515,000	1,620,000	540,000	760,000	170,000	7,905,000
Series 2015 B	7	75,000	80,000	80,000	85,000	85,000	460,000	505,000	95,000	-	-	1,465,000
Series 2017 A	4	55,000	100,000	100,000	105,000	110,000	865,000	455,000	385,000	-	-	2,175,000
Series 2019 A	3	35,000	35,000	35,000	40,000	40,000	215,000	255,000	290,000	-	-	945,000
Series 2019 B	3	0,000	35,000	35,000	40,000	40,000	225,000	265,000	305,000			975,000
Total principal	99	5,000	1,025,000	1,045,000	1,065,000	1,070,000	5,350,000	4,535,000	2,450,000	1,090,000	170,000	18,795,000
Interest:				- '								
General obligation bonds:												
Series 2010 B	2	27,690	27,690	27,690	27,690	27,690	138,450	107,836	6,240	-	-	390,976
Series 2010 C	4	0,536	40,536	40,536	40,536	40,536	197,852	147,354	71,676	3,850	-	623,412
Series 2010 D		3,910	3,910	3,910	3,910	3,910	8,970	-	-	-	-	28,520
Series 2012 A	(52,973	56,273	50,173	43,085	36,335	96,938	35,445	-	-	-	381,222
Series 2013 A	۷	2,185	41,725	40,925	39,925	38,925	178,350	141,625	93,250	29,250	-	646,160
Series 2015 A	25	9,388	250,488	236,988	218,788	199,988	778,990	394,790	247,782	123,632	6,588	2,717,422
Series 2015 B	4	6,000	44,500	42,900	40,900	38,775	154,575	75,400	3,800	-	-	446,850
Series 2017 A	(7,612	65,962	62,962	59,962	56,812	225,312	105,726	40,952	-	-	685,300
Series 2019 A	3	1,000	29,600	28,200	26,800	25,200	102,750	66,750	26,550	-	-	336,850
Series 2019 B	3	7,571	30,700	29,300	27,900	26,300	107,650	70,050	28,200	-	-	357,671
Total interest	61	8,865	591,384	563,584	529,496	494,471	1,989,837	1,144,976	518,450	156,732	6,588	6,614,383
Total principal and interest	\$ 1,61	3,865	\$ 1,616,384	\$ 1,608,584	\$ 1,594,496	\$ 1,564,471	\$ 7,339,837	\$ 5,679,976	\$ 2,968,450	\$ 1,246,732	\$ 176,588	\$ 25,409,383

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT (Continued)

5 - <u>Long-Term Debt (Continued)</u>

Conduit Debt

Tax Increment Revenue Bonds

During the year ended December 31, 2018, the City issued \$ 2,161,559 in Series 2018 special obligation tax increment revenue bonds for the Commerce Drive Project. This redevelopment project supports the development of a commercial grocery store site on land in the Commerce Drive TIF District.

This debt is to be paid solely from incremental property tax revenues generated by the private development of the Commerce Drive TIF District. The following is a description of the outstanding special obligation bond as of December 31, 2019:

Bond Issue	Interest Rate	Date Issued	Iss	Original sue Amount	Final Maturity	Outstanding Balance		
Series 2018 (Commerce Drive Project)	5.00%	2/16/2018	\$	2,161,559	12/30/2036	\$	1,886,559	

Industrial Revenue Bonds

The City has issued industrial revenue bonds to provide financial assistance to private sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private sector entity served by the bond issuance. Neither the City, the State of Kansas, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for the repayment of the bonds. As of December 31, 2019, there were two series of industrial revenue bonds outstanding with an aggregate principal amount payable of \$26,696,717.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT (Continued)

6 - <u>Interfund Transfers</u>

A reconciliation of transfers by fund for the year ending December 31, 2019 is as follows:

From	То	Regulatory Authority	Amount		
General Fund	Capital Improvement	KSA 12-1118	\$ 66,620		
Special Highway	Bond and Interest	Bond Ord 2168	35,000		
Special Highway	Capital Improvement	KSA 12-1118	130,000		
Special Parks and Recreation	Capital Improvement	KSA 12-1118	25,000		
Water Development Fee	Bond and Interest	KSA 12-825d	20,000		
Sewer Development Fee	Bond and Interest	KSA 12-825d	20,483		
Sewer Development Fee	Sewer	KSA 12-825d	70,000		
Electric Utility Investment	Capital Improvement	KSA 12-1118	32,081		
Capital Improvement	Bond and Interest	KSA 12-1118	35,000		
Water	General Fund	KSA 12-825d	62,136		
Water	Bond and Interest	KSA 12-825d	166,842		
Water	Sewer	KSA 12-825d	57,661		
Sewer	General Fund	KSA 12-1118	22,136		
Sewer	Bond and Interest	KSA 12-825d	140,000		

7 - Other Post-Employment Benefits

As provided by K.S.A. 12-5040, the City allows retirees to participate in the group health insurance plan. While each retiree pays the full amount of the applicable premium, conceptually, the City is subsidizing the retirees because each participant is charged a level premium regardless of age. However, the cost of this subsidy has not been quantified in the basic financial statement.

Under the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA), the City makes health care benefits available to eligible former employees and eligible dependents. Certain requirements are outlined by the federal government for this coverage. The premium is paid in full by the insured.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT (Continued)

7 - Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

Death and Disability Other Post-Employment Benefits

As provided by K.S.A. 74-4927, disabled members in the Kansas Public Employees Reimbursement System (KPERS) receive long-term disability benefits and life insurance benefits. The plan is administered through a trust held by KPERS that is funded to pay annual benefit payments. The employer contribution rate is set at 1% for the year ended December 31, 2019.

8 - <u>Lease Agreement</u>

The City continues to operate the water treatment plant at the former Sunflower Army Ammunition Plant, now owned by private developer Sunflower Redevelopment, LLC. The City's use is pursuant to a perpetual lease agreement dated July 29, 2005. Pursuant to a Real Estate Transfer Agreement dated July 29, 2005 between the City and Sunflower Redevelopment, LLC, the City will receive fee title interest to the treatment plant as soon as the land receives a CERCLA Covenant pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 9620(h)(3)(A)(ii). The City initiated improvements to the water treatment plant site in 2010; the improvements included a back-up electrical generator, the installation of new electrical service to the plant, and a new water main leading from the plant to the City's distribution system. Construction was completed in 2011. The City, in conjunction with the City of Baldwin, the City of Wellsville, and the Douglas County Rural Water District #4, completed a broader water facilities study in 2012. The study evaluated the concept and costs of creating a regional wholesale water supply district. Proceeding with the creation of a regional wholesale water supply district. Proceeding with the creation of a regional wholesale water supply district. Proceeding with the creation of Baldwin deciding not to participate.

9 - Interfund Balances

The Electric Utility Investment Fund has advanced money to the General Fund and Water Fund for the purchase of equipment in the amount of \$ 668,115. This amount includes three new advancements in 2019 for three trucks in the total amount of \$ 104,318. During fiscal year 2019, the General Fund and Water Fund paid the Electric Utility Investment Fund \$ 131,694 for repayment of the advances and \$ 225,000 for the remainder of a previous loan. The balance of the advances remaining at December 31, 2019 was \$ 284,775.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT (Continued)

10 - Commitments and Contingencies

The City receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal and state governmental agencies in the form of grants and state pass-through aid. The disbursements of funds received under these programs generally require compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the basic financial statement as of December 31, 2019.

11 - Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters for which it carries commercial insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There have not been significant reductions in coverage from prior years.

12 - Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated for the City through the date of the independent auditors' report, which is the date the financial statement was available to be issued.



SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL REGULATORY BASIS (BUDGETED FUNDS ONLY)

		Adjustments				
		for	Total	Expenditures	Variance	
	Certified	Qualifying	Budget for	Chargeable to	Over	
Fund	Budget	Budget Credits	Comparison	Current Year	(Under)	
General fund	\$ 6,331,334	\$ -	\$ 6,331,334	\$ 4,418,505	\$ (1,912,829)	
Special purpose funds:						
Law enforcement	568,125	-	568,125	469,371	(98,754)	
Special highway	165,000	-	165,000	165,000	-	
Special parks and recreation	25,000	-	25,000	25,000	-	
Transient guest tax	26,000	-	26,000	24,500	(1,500)	
Sponsorship	3,850	-	3,850	1,085	(2,765)	
Water development fee	35,845	-	35,845	20,000	(15,845)	
Sewer development fee	90,483	-	90,483	90,483	-	
Bond and interest fund	1,819,706	-	1,819,706	1,548,871	(270,835)	
Business funds:						
Water system	1,852,754	-	1,852,754	1,807,485	(45,269)	
Sewer system	675,962	-	675,962	636,957	(39,005)	
Refuse system	550,000	-	550,000	548,567	(1,433)	
Totals	\$ 12,144,059	\$ -	\$ 12,144,059	\$ 9,755,824		

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL REGULATORY BASIS

Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Orig	ginal and Final Budget	 Actual	V	ariance Over (Under)
Receipts and transfers:					
Property taxes	\$	1,204,387	\$ 1,234,883	\$	30,496
Sales and use taxes		1,605,000	1,913,766		308,766
Intergovernmental		14,000	18,030		4,030
Licenses and permits		65,450	230,668		165,218
Franchise fee		591,000	613,437		22,437
Charges for services		136,200	109,817		(26,383)
Use of money and property		69,400	60,568		(8,832)
Fines and fees		226,800	318,182		91,382
Miscellaneous		3,749	3,713		(36)
Donations			5,044		5,044
Interest income		6,000	11,616		5,616
Transfers in		84,272	84,272		<u> </u>
Total receipts and transfers	\$	4,006,258	 4,603,996	\$	597,738
Expenditures, encumbrances, and transfers:					
Personal services	\$	2,228,066	2,188,916	\$	(39,150)
Contractual services		1,363,176	902,671		(460,505)
Commodities		401,425	422,248		20,823
Capital outlay		1,536,517	734,700		(801,817)
Electric utility loan repayment		-	103,350		103,350
Reserve		735,530	-		(735,530)
Transfers out		66,620	 66,620		<u> </u>
Total expenditures, encumbrances, and transfers	\$	6,331,334	 4,418,505	\$	(1,912,829)
Receipts and transfers over expenditures, encumbrances, and transfers			185,491		
Unencumbered cash, beginning			2,187,120		
Unencumbered cash, ending			\$ 2,372,611		

LAW ENFORCEMENT FUND

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL REGULATORY BASIS (Continued)

	Origi	nal and Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over (Under)		
Receipts: Property taxes	\$	512,323	\$ 509,813	\$	(2,510)	
Expenditures and encumbrances: Contractual services Reserve	\$	515,671 52,454	469,371	\$	(46,300) (52,454)	
Total expenditures and encumbrances	\$	568,125	469,371	\$	(98,754)	
Receipts over expenditures and encumbrances			40,442			
Unencumbered cash, beginning			64,512			
Unencumbered cash, ending			\$ 104,954			

SPECIAL HIGHWAY FUND

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL REGULATORY BASIS (Continued)

	Original and Final Budget			Actual	Variance Over (Under)		
Receipts: Intergovernmental	\$	164,590	\$	171,993	\$	7,403	
Transfers: Transfers out	\$	165,000		165,000	\$	<u>-</u>	
Receipts over transfers				6,993			
Unencumbered cash, beginning				17,690			
Unencumbered cash, ending			\$	24,683			

SPECIAL PARKS AND RECREATION FUND

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL REGULATORY BASIS (Continued)

	_	Original and Final Budget		Actual		iance Over (Under)
Receipts: Intergovernmental Charges for services	\$	14,250 12,500	\$	18,030 32,156	\$	3,780 19,656
Total receipts	\$	26,750		50,186	\$	23,436
Transfers: Transfers out	\$	25,000		25,000	\$	
Receipts over transfers				25,186		
Unencumbered cash, beginning				19,232		
Unencumbered cash, ending			\$	44,418		

TRANSIENT GUEST TAX FUND

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL REGULATORY BASIS (Continued)

Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Original and Final Budget		Actual		Variance Over (Under)	
Receipts: Intergovernmental	\$	28,500	\$	26,489	\$	(2,011)
Expenditures: Contractual services	\$	26,000		24,500	\$	(1,500)
Receipts over expenditures				1,989		
Unencumbered cash, beginning				42,332		
Unencumbered cash, ending			\$	44,321		

SPONSORSHIP FUND

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL REGULATORY BASIS (Continued)

	Original and Final Budget Actual		Actual	Variance Over (Under)		
Receipts: Charges for services	\$	4,050	\$	4,445	\$	395
Expenditures: Commodities	\$	3,850		1,085	\$	(2,765)
Receipts over expenditures				3,360		
Unencumbered cash, beginning				22,219		
Unencumbered cash, ending			\$	25,579		

WATER DEVELOPMENT FEE FUND

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL REGULATORY BASIS (Continued)

Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Original and Final Budget		Actual		Variance Over (Under)	
Receipts: Charges for services	\$	35,845	\$	27,850	\$	(7,995)
Transfers: Transfers out	\$	35,845		20,000	\$	(15,845)
Receipts over transfers				7,850		
Unencumbered cash, beginning				35,608		
Unencumbered cash, ending			\$	43,458		

SEWER DEVELOPMENT FEE FUND

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL **REGULATORY BASIS**

(Continued)

	Original and Final Budget		Actual		Variance Over (Under)	
Receipts: Charges for services	\$	20,483	\$	37,325	\$	16,842
Transfers: Transfers out	\$	90,483		90,483	\$	
Receipts under transfers				(53,158)		
Unencumbered cash, beginning				146,200		
Unencumbered cash, ending			\$	93,042		

BOND AND INTEREST FUND

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL REGULATORY BASIS (Continued)

Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Original and Final Budget		Actual		riance Over (Under)
Receipts and transfers: Taxes Miscellaneous Interest income Special assessments Transfers in	\$	859,002 44,613 5,075 7,100 433,170	\$ 998,888 45,096 14,532 38,605 417,325	\$	139,886 483 9,457 31,505 (15,845)
Total receipts and transfers	\$	1,348,960	1,514,446	\$	165,486
Expenditures: Bond principal Interest expense Reserve	\$	953,025 638,831 227,850	920,000 628,871 -	\$	(33,025) (9,960) (227,850)
Total expenditures	\$	1,819,706	1,548,871	\$	(270,835)
Receipts and transfers under expenditures			(34,425)		
Unencumbered cash, beginning			698,215		
Unencumbered cash, ending			\$ 663,790		

WATER SYSTEM FUND

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL REGULATORY BASIS

(Continued)

Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Original and Final Budget			Actual		riance Over (Under)
Receipts: Charges for services	\$	1,665,215	\$	1,892,405	\$	227,190
Charges for services	Ψ	1,003,213	Ψ	1,072,403	Ψ	227,170
Expenditures, encumbrances, and transfers:						
Personal services	\$	505,766		548,015	\$	42,249
Contractual services		357,100		293,329		(63,771)
Commodities		351,138		386,143		35,005
Capital outlay		115,442		56,690		(58,752)
Electric utility loan repayment		-		236,669		236,669
Transfer out		523,308		286,639		(236,669)
Total expenditures, encumbrances, and transfers	\$	1,852,754		1,807,485	\$	(45,269)
Receipts over expenditures, encumbrances, and tran	sfers			84,920		
Unencumbered cash, beginning				1,357,910		
Unencumbered cash, ending			\$	1,442,830		

SEWER SYSTEM FUND

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL **REGULATORY BASIS**

(Continued)

Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Original and Final Budget			Actual		riance Over (Under)
Receipts: Charges for services	\$	566,949	\$	613,997	\$	47,048
Transfers in	Ψ	127,661	Ψ	127,661	Ψ	-
Total receipts and transfers	\$	694,610		741,658	\$	47,048
Expenditures, encumbrances, and transfers:						
Personal services	\$	178,554		185,148	\$	6,594
Capital outlay		-		2,452		2,452
Contractual services		222,500		193,914		(28,586)
Commodities		96,097		76,632		(19,465)
Electric utility loan repayment		-		16,675		16,675
Transfers out		178,811		162,136		(16,675)
Total expenditures, encumbrances, and transfers	\$	675,962		636,957	\$	(39,005)
Receipts and transfers over expenditures, encumbran	nces, and	transfers		104,701		
Unencumbered cash, beginning				277,913		
Unencumbered cash, ending			\$	382,614		

REFUSE SYSTEM FUND

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL REGULATORY BASIS (Continued)

	Origi	nal and Final Budget	Actual		Variance O (Under)	
Receipts: Charges for services	\$	548,000	\$	565,524	\$	17,524
Expenditures: Contractual services	\$	550,000		548,567	\$	(1,433)
Receipts over expenditures				16,957		
Unencumbered cash, beginning				58,277		
Unencumbered cash, ending			\$	75,234		

ELECTRIC UTILITY INVESTMENT FUND*

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES REGULATORY BASIS

Receipts:	
Miscellaneous	\$ 49,625
Interest income	33,517
Loan repayment	356,694
Total receipts	439,836
Expenditures and transfers:	
Commodities	104,319
Transfers out	32,081
Total expenditures and transfers	136,400
Receipts over expenditures and transfers	303,436
Unencumbered cash, beginning	1,236,149
Unencumbered cash, ending	\$ 1,539,585

^{*} This fund is not required to be budgeted.

ENHANCEMENT COMMUNITY FOUNTAIN FUND*

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES REGULATORY BASIS (Continued)

Unencumbered cash, beginning	\$ 36
Unencumbered cash, ending	\$ 36

^{*} This fund is not required to be budgeted.

COMMERCE DRIVE TAX INCREMENT FUND*

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES REGULATORY BASIS (Continued)

Taxes	\$ 172,019
Expenditures:	
Contractual services	1,714
Miscellaneous	 169,675
Total expenditures	 171,389
	1,1,005
Receipts over expenditures	630
Unencumbered cash, beginning	 7,891
Unencumbered cash, ending	\$ 8,521

^{*} This fund is not required to be budgeted.

2019 COMMERCE DRIVE TIF FUND*

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES REGULATORY BASIS (Continued)

Receipts: Charges for services	\$ 30,625
Expenditures:	
Contractual services	30,625
Receipts under expenditures	-
Unencumbered cash, beginning	-
Unencumbered cash, ending	\$ -

^{*} This fund is not required to be budgeted.

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS FUND*

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES REGULATORY BASIS (Continued)

Receipts and transfers:	
Intergovernmental	\$ 75,821
Bond proceeds	1,920,000
Bond premium	83,842
Transfers in	 253,701
Total receipts and transfers	2,333,364
Expenditures, encumbrances, and transfers:	
Capital outlay	1,910,929
Cost of issuance	112,136
Contractual services	999,303
Transfers out	 35,000
Total expenditures, encumbrances, and transfers	 3,057,368
Receipts and transfers under expenditures, encumbrances, and transfers	(724,004)
Unencumbered cash, beginning	 1,100,628
Unencumbered cash, ending	\$ 376,624

^{*} This fund is not required to be budgeted.

SHOP FUND*

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES REGULATORY BASIS (Continued)

Receipts:	
Charges for services	\$ 139,610
Expenditures and encumbrances:	
Commodities	138,831
Contractual services	1,646
Capital outlay	1,198
Total expenditures and encumbrances	141,675
Receipts under expenditures and encumbrances	(2,065)
Tree-ip to white the printing to white the control white	(=,000)
Unencumbered cash, beginning	(868)
Unencumbered cash, ending	\$ (2,933)

^{*} This fund is not required to be budgeted.

SHUGHART TRUST FUND*

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES REGULATORY BASIS (Continued)

Receipts: Interest income	\$ 297
Unencumbered cash, beginning	24,147
Unencumbered cash, ending	\$ 24,444

^{*} This fund is not required to be budgeted.

AGENCY FUNDS

SUMMARY OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS REGULATORY BASIS

Fund	Beginning Cash Balance		I	Receipts Disbursements			Ending Cash Balance	
IRB fund Municipal court fund	\$	19,529 5,871	\$	4,000 16,735	\$	12,280 9,413	\$ 11,249 13,193	
	\$	25,400	\$	20,735	\$	21,693	\$ 24,442	